P10

Identification of a protease inhibitor from Alismatis Rhizoma

Jong Ok Park*, In-sup Lee¹, Beung Ho Ryu², Kyungsoon Kim³

*Department of Chemistry, 1Department of Biology,

²Department of Food & Science and Biotechnology, Kyungsung University

³Department of Chemistry, Myongji University

A protease inhibitor was isolated and purified from *Alismatis Rhizoma* which has been used as a galenic for diuretic and antiphlogistic. Purification was carried out by 0-80% saturated ammonium sulfate salting out, DEAE-cellulose ion exchange chromatogrphy, Sephadex G-150 gel filtration. The molecular weight of *Alismatis Rhizoma* trypsin inhibitor(ARTI) was estimated to be about 23,000 Da by gel filtration and SDS-PAGE, it must be monomer. The optimal pH and temperature were pH 7.4 and 37°C respectively. ARTI was stable at $0\sim60$ °C, but at higher temperature its activity was decreased about 35%. When benzoyl-dl-arginine p-nitroanilide was used as a substrate of trypsin, half-maximal inhibition of ARTI was observed at $0.071 \,\mu$ M. ARTI inhibited the hydrolysis of trypsin non-competitively and Km value was $0.81 \,\mu$ M.