

유무선 통합을 위한 차세대 네트웍

YoungCheol Oh, Ph.D.

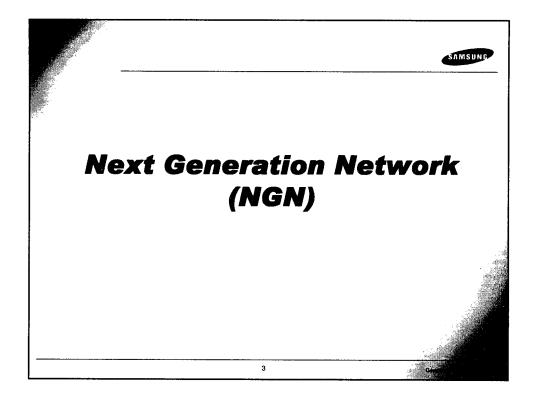
VP of Broadband Network System Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd e-mail: ycoh@samsung.co.kr

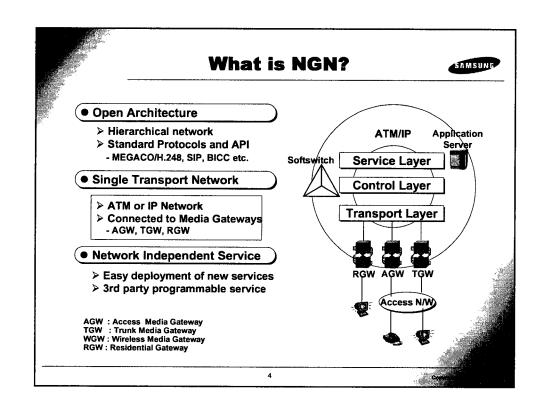
1

CONTENTS



- > Next Generation Network (NGN)
- > Current Wireless Network
- > Decomposition of Wireless Components
- > Integration of Wireless Network with NGN





Why is NGN needed?



Problems due to separate networks

- > High maintenance cost due to various networks
 - PSTN, Data Networks (ATM, IP, FR), Mobile Network
- > Difficult to provide real-time multimedia services
 - Voice + Data + Video
- > High investment to update each separate network

We need...



a Converged Network.

5

Why is NGN needed?



Problems due to monolithic network architecture

- > Difficult to provide new services due to lack of flexibility
 - Transport, Control, and Service functions are embedded in a system
- > Difficulty of interoperability among products from different vendors
- > High expenses to deploy new services
 - New service deployment highly depends on vendors

We need...



an Open Network Architecture.

What are Benefits of NGN?



> Openness between NGN components

- Make carriers choose network elements from various vendors
- Provide high flexibility in deploying new services
- Provide high scalability from a small-sized network to a very large network.

> Single Transport Network

- Cost savings due to a unified network.
- Easy to provide new multimedia services.
- Reduction in the number of network equipments

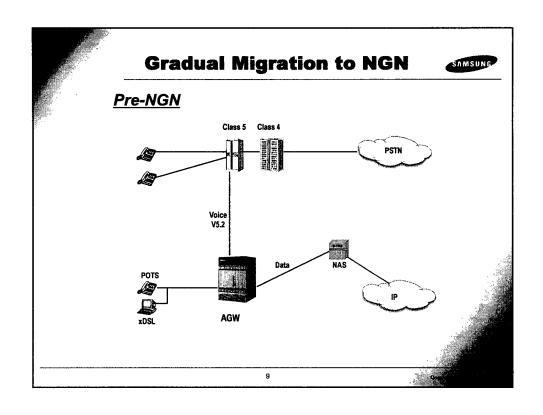
7

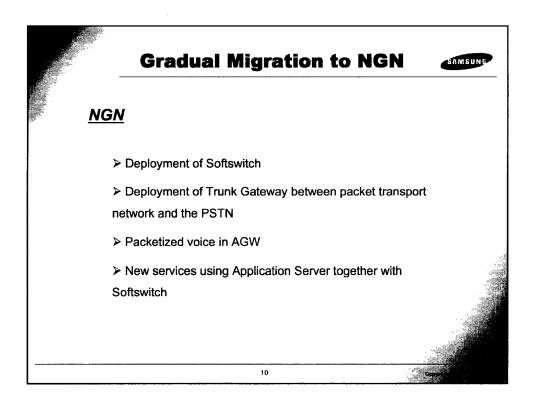
Gradual Migration to NGN

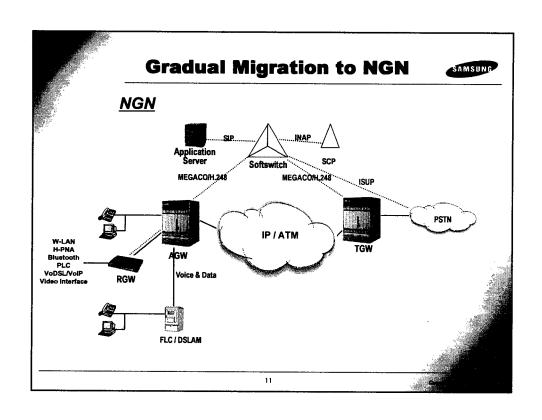


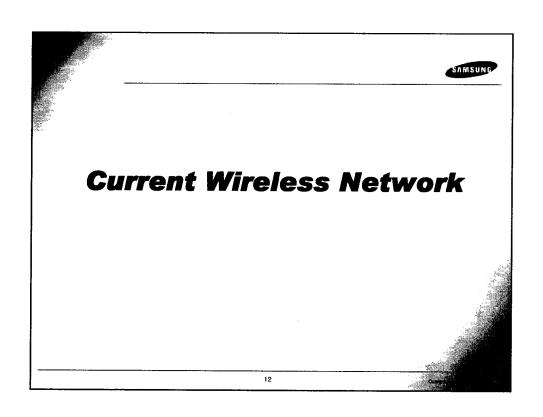
Pre-NGN

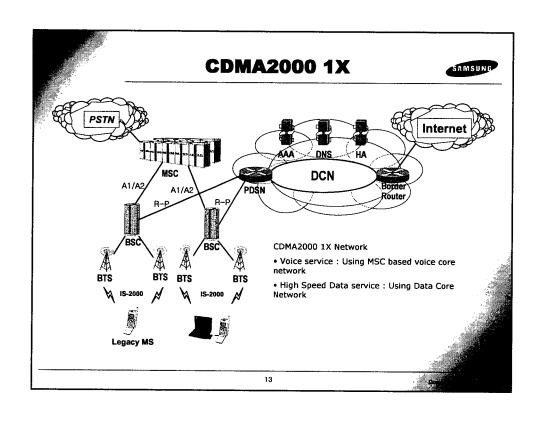
- Replacement of analog exchanges using: V5.2
- > Integrated access network of Voice and Data
 - Voice and Data: xDSL, Lased Line, POTS, ISDN
 - Integrated Access : DSLAM, FLC, FTTx, ...
- > AGW capable of evolution to NGN

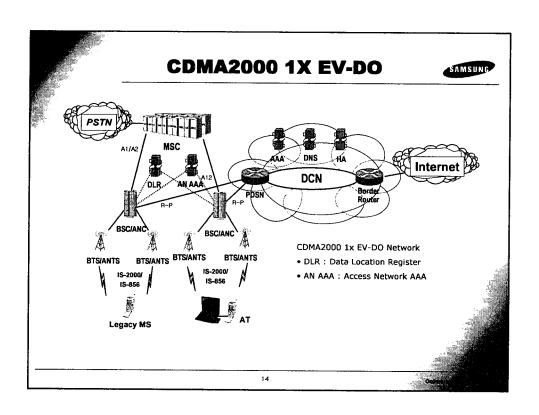


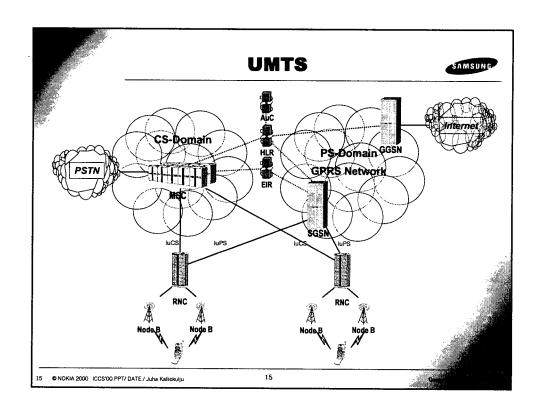


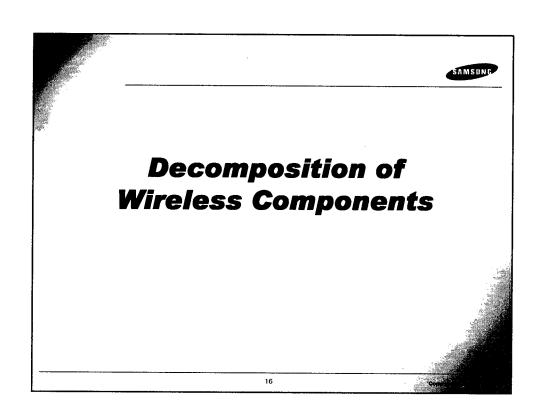


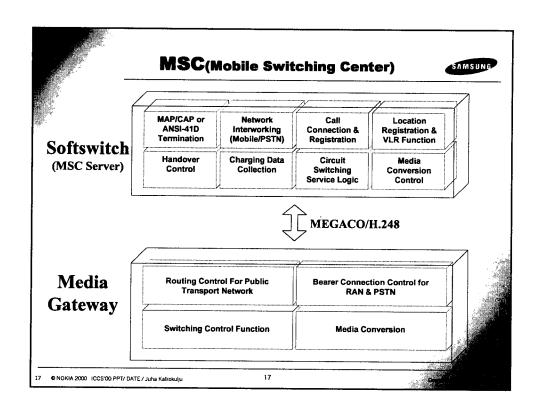


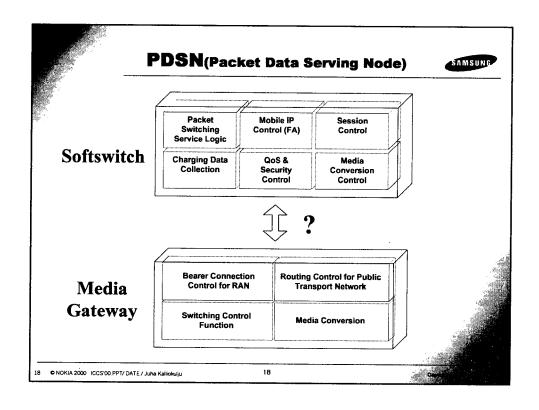


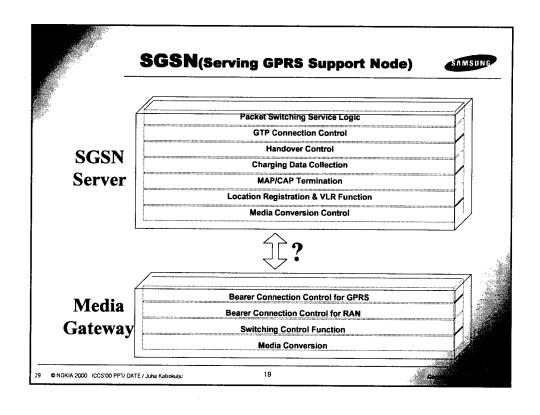


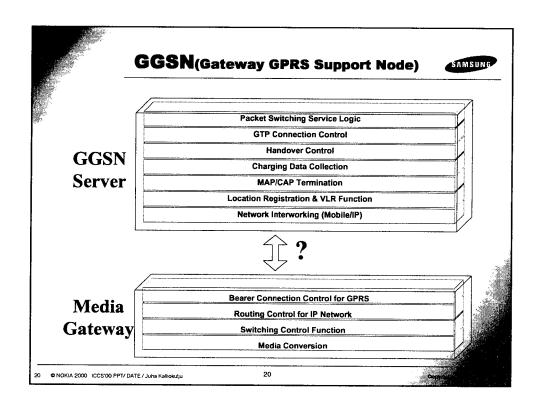


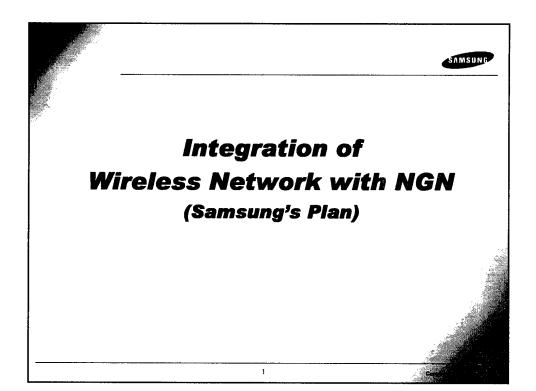


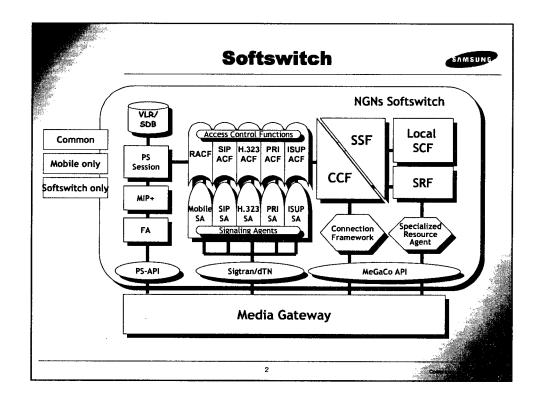










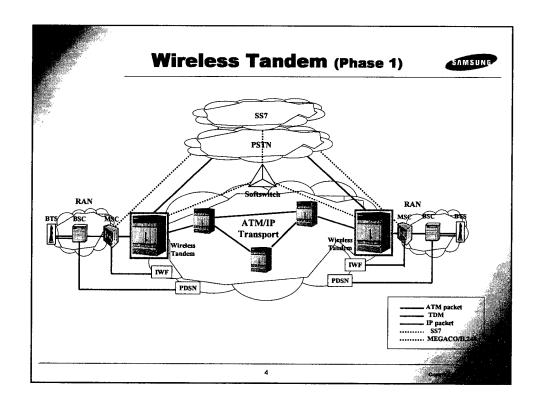


Wireless Tandem (Phase 1)



Feature

- > Integrate with an NGN with minimal technological change
- ➤ Preserve the investments in wireless networks while allowing wireless network to access to NGN
- > MSC continues to manage mobile calls and mobility
- > Appropriate for a wireless provider with existing wireless networks

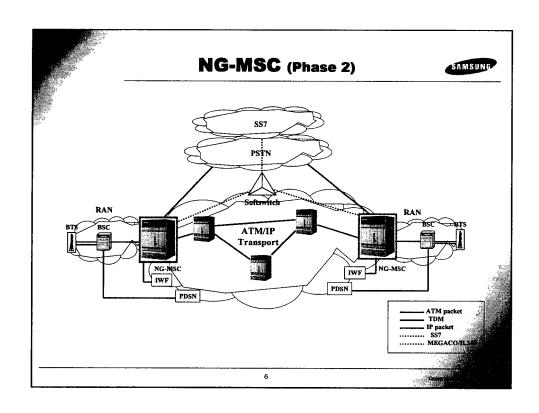


NG-MSC (Phase 2)



Feature

- ${\blacktriangleright}$ Optimize wireless networks and gateways by eliminate redundant functions and merging functions of the MSC and TGW
- > The transport functions of the MSC is replaced by Gateways and the control function is replaced by Softswitch (Call Agent).
- > Suited for new wireless providers
- > Existing wireless service providers may choose this architecture for their new deployment

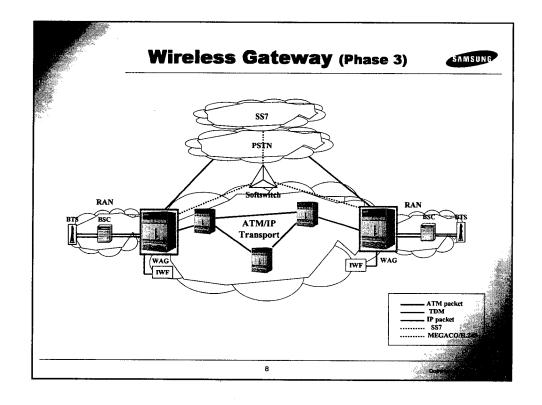


Wireless Gateway (Phase 3)



Feature

- ➤ Wireless gateway replaces PDSN
- > Packet data from BSC flow into wireless gateway
- > Support Mobile IP
 - Wireless gateway performs FA (Foreign Agent) Function to control mobility of packet data terminals.



Access Gateway (Phase 4)

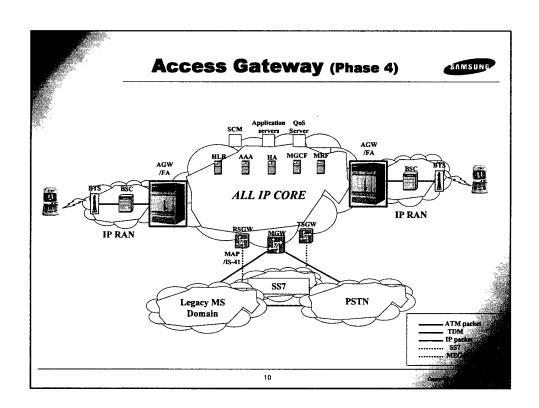


Feature

- > Complete integration with NGN
- > End to end packet architecture
- > Access Gateway performs FA (Foreign Agent) Functions to control mobility



ALL IP!



Benefits of the Integration



- > NGN will become the de-facto wireline technology.
- > NGN offers a fundamentally cheaper core network technology.
- > NGN offers a superior feature/service development environment.
- ➤ NGN offers an unified network, providing economical way to deploy voice and data services.



Integration is practical necessity!!

1

Thank you!