

# 철화합물에 대한 뫼스바우어 연구

김철성

국민대학교 나노전자 물리학과

## Mössbauer studies of Iron Compounds

Chul Sung Kim

Department of Nano-Electronic Physics, Kookmin University

$^{57}\text{Fe}$ 화합물에 대한 Mössbauer 분광학 연구로부터 이들 자성물질의 이성핵적이동값, 전기사중극자 분열값 및 초미세자기장의 크기를 결정하였으며 이들값으로부터 Fe의 이온상태, 큐리온도, 각 Site의 점유율, Debye온도, spin wave상수, exchange integral을 계산하였다.  $^{57}\text{Co}$ 감마선을 사용하는 등가속도형 Mössbauer 분광기를 이용하여 4.2 K 부터 900 K 온도영역에서 실험을 하였다. 시료제조는 Sol-gel법, 직접합성법, 아크멜팅법, floating zone 법을 사용하였다.

연구대상물질은 다음과 같다.

1. 비정질 재료 :  $\text{Fe}_{83}\text{B}_3\text{Nb}_9\text{Cu}_1$  [1],  $\text{Fe}_{84}\text{B}_9\text{Nb}_7$  [2],  $\text{Fe}_{78}\text{Al}_4\text{Nb}_5\text{B}_{12}\text{Cu}_1$  [3]
2. Nd alloys :  $\text{NdFe}_{10.7}\text{M}_{0.3}\text{N}_6$  ( $\text{M}=\text{B}, \text{Ti}$ ) [4]
3. Spinel ferrite : NiZnCu ferrite,  $\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_{2-x}\text{M}_x\text{O}_4$  ( $\text{M}=\text{Ni}, \text{Mn}, \text{Zn}, \text{Al}, \text{Ga}$ ) [5]
4. Ba(Sr) ferrite :  $\text{Ba}(\text{Sr})\text{Fe}_{12-x}\text{M}_x\text{O}_{19}$  ( $\text{M}=\text{Co}-\text{Ti}, \text{Cr}, \text{Al}$ ) [6]
5. CMR :  $\text{La}_{0.67}\text{Tm}_{0.33}\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{O}_3$  ( $\text{Tm}=\text{Ca}, \text{Sr}, \text{Ba}, \text{Pb}$ ) [7]
6. Garnet : YIG,  $\text{Y}_3\text{Fe}_{5-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{O}_{12}$ ,  $\text{Y}_{3-x}\text{Nb}_x\text{Bi}_x\text{Fe}_5\text{O}_{12}$  [8]
7. Perovskite :  $\text{R}_{1/3}\text{Sr}_{2/3}\text{FeO}_3$  ( $\text{R}=\text{Pr}, \text{Nd}, \text{Sm}$ ) [9]
8. Double perovskite :  $\text{A}_2\text{FeMoO}_6$  ( $\text{A}=\text{Ba}, \text{Sr}, \text{Ca}$ ) [10]
9. Chalcogenide :  $\text{Fe}_x\text{Cu}_{1-x}\text{T}_2\text{Se}_4$  ( $\text{T}=\text{Rh}, \text{Cr}$ ) [11],  $\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{M}_x\text{Cr}_2\text{S}_4$  ( $\text{M}=\text{Ni}, \text{Co}$ ) [12]  
(Magnetic Semiconductor)
10. DMS :  $\text{Fe}(\text{Co})/\text{TiO}_2$  [13]

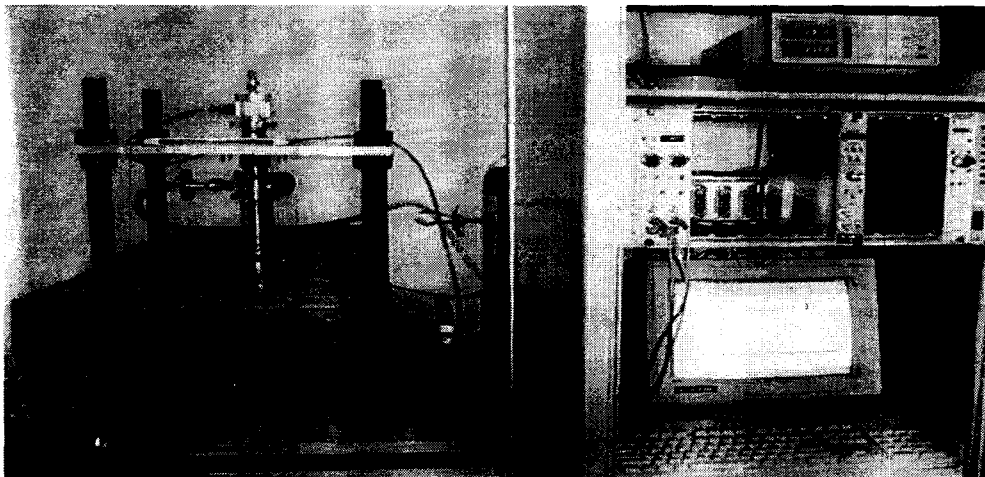


Fig1. Mössbauer spectrometer.

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