

Rhodium(III)-mediated cycloaddition reactions of alkynes

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Heating $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\eta^2\text{-NO}_3)(\text{OTf})]$ (1) and $\text{PhC}\equiv\text{CPh}$ in EtOH for 3 h gave a η^4 -cyclobutadienylrhodium complex, $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\eta^4\text{-C}_4\text{Ph}_4)]$ (2). Complex 1 reacted with $\text{HC}\equiv\text{CPh}$ in acetone at room temperature for 3 h to give a (η^4 -cyclobutadiene)-rhodium complex, $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\eta^4\text{-C}_4\text{HPhC}\equiv\text{CPh})]$ (3). Whereas, the reactions of 1 with $\text{HC}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{Cl}$ in acetone at room temperature for 3 h gave the triply halide-bridged dinuclear rhodium complex, $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\mu_2\text{-Cl})_3\text{RhCp}^*](\text{OTf})$ (4). Complexes 2–4 have been structurally characterized by X-ray diffraction.

