

Structure Analysis of BaTiO₃ Film on the MgO(001) Surface by Time-Of-Flight Impact-Collision Ion Scattering Spectroscopy

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Time-of-flight impact collision ion scattering spectroscopy (TOF-ICISS) was applied to study the geometrical structure of the epitaxially grown BaTiO₃ layers on the MgO(100) surface. Hetero-epitaxial BaTiO₃ layers can be deposited by the following steps: first thermal evaporation of titanium onto the MgO(100) surface in the atmosphere of oxygen at 400 °C, secondly thermal evaporation of barium in the same manner, and finally annealing at 800 °C. Well ordered perovskite BaTiO₃ was confirmed from the ICISS spectra and reflection high electron energy diffraction (RHEED) patterns. It was also revealed that BaTiO₃ had cubic structure with the same lattice parameter of bulk phase.

Key words: Atomic structure; BaTiO₃ epitaxial layer on MgO(100); Impact-collision ion scattering spectroscopy; Reflection high energy electron diffraction

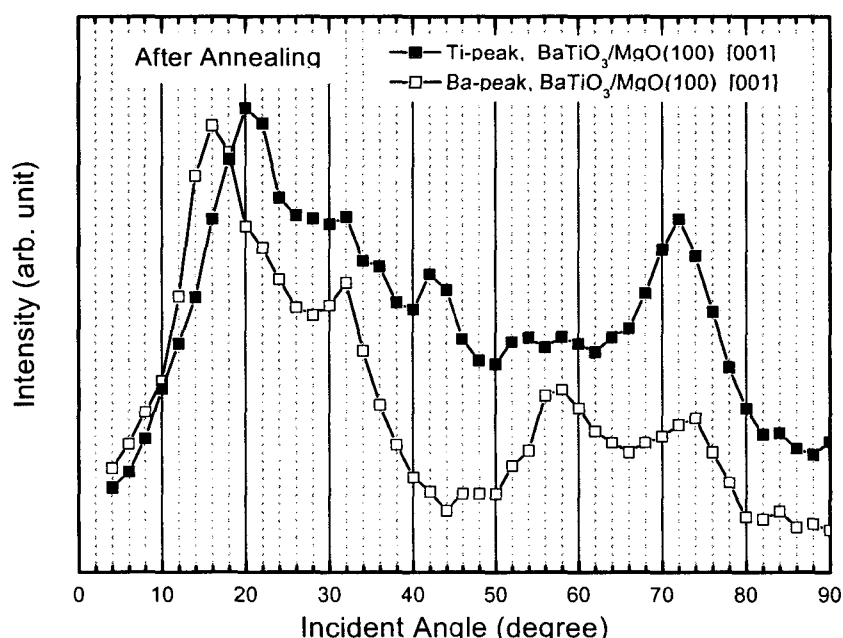


Fig. Polar angle scan of Ti and Ba peak intensities in TOF-ICISS along the [001] azimuth at the BaTiO₃ deposited MgO(100) surface after annealing at 800 °C.