## P-13

## Comparative Evaluation of Mn Substitution in a Framework Site in MnAPSO-34 and Mn-impregnated SAPO-34 Molecular Sieves Studied by Electron Spin Resonance and Electron Spin-Echo Modulation Spectroscopy

## Gernho Back, Young-Soo Cho

\*Department of Chemistry, National Changwon University, Changwon, Korea 641-773

Absracts: MnAPSO-34 and Mn-impregnated SAPO-34 (Mn-SAPO-34) sample were prepared with various manganese contents and studied by electron spin resonance (ESR) and electron spin-echo modulation (ESEM). Electron spin-echo modulation analysis of 0.07mol % Mn (relative to p) in MnAPSO-34 with adsorbed D<sub>2</sub>O shows two deuteriums at 0.25 nm and two at 0.36 nm from Mn. This suggests that two waters hydrate an MnO4 configuration with a D-O bond orientation for the waters as expect for a negatively charged site at low manganese content (0.07 mol%), the ESR spectra of MnAPSO-34 and MnH-SAPO-34 exhibit the same parameters ( $g \approx 2.02$  and  $A \approx 87$  G), but the spectra obtained from MnAPSO-34 samples are better resolved. TGA of as-synthesized MnAPSO-34 shows that the decomposition temperature in the range 200-600°C of the morpholine is 12 oC higher than that in as-synthesized MnH-SAPO-34. Infrared spectra shows that the position of a band at about 15 cm-1 toward higher energy in MnAPSO-34 versus MnH-SAPO-34. The modulation depth of the two-pulse ESE of MnAPSO-34 with adsorbed D2O is deeper than that of MnH-SAPO-34 with adsorbed D2O. Three-pulse ESEM of MnAPSO-34 and MnH-SAPO-34 with adsorbed deuterium oxide shows that the local environments of manganese in the hydrated samples are different, suggesting that Mn(II) is framework substituted in MnAPSO-34 since it obviously occupies an extra-framework position in MnH-SAPO-34

## Referance

- 1. N. Azuma. C. W. Lee, M. Zamadics and L. Kevan, Zeolites and Related Microporous materials: State of the Art 1994, Studies in Surface science and Catalysis 84, 805 (1994).
- 2. G. Brouet, X. Chen, and L. Kevan, J. Phys. Chem. 91, 4928 (1991)