Distribution of Genus *Archaeomysis* (Crustacea: Mysidacea) in Korean water

Chae-Woo MA · Soo- Gun JO*
Soonchunhyang University · *Kunsan National University

Introduction

Genus Archaeomysis was first established by Czerniavsky(1882) for Archaeomysis grebnitzkii, found in the stomach of gadoid fish caught in the Bering Sea. Since Czerniavsky's (1882) brief description the genus Archaeomysis had been considered to include 3 species: A. grebnitzkii, A. kokuboi and A. maculata. But this genus has remained unsolved about the taxonomic position of the species due to brief and insufficient original description and figures.

Jo(1991) reported 5 species: A. grebnitzkii Czerniavsky, A. kokuboi Ii, A. naoyoshii Jo, A. vulgaris (Nakazawa) and A. japonica Hanamura, Jo and Murano. Recently the new two species was described by Hanamura(1997): A. ochotensis and A. articulata.

In Korean waters genus Archaeomysis include 5 species: A. grebnitzkii Czerniavsky, A. kokuboi Ii, A. vulgaris (Nakazawa) and A. japonica Hanamura, Jo and Murano. A. articulata Hanamura. These species occurs in the swash zone of the exposed open sandy beaches.

Ma (1988) redescribed A. kokuboi and A. grebnitzkii based on the samples collected in the southern and the eastern coasts of the Korean peninsula, and Jo and Ma (1996) reported 3 species: A. grebnitzkii Czerniavsky, A. vulgaris (Nakazawa) and A. japonica Hanamura, Jo and Murano in West coast of Korea.

According to these taxonomical studies it was needed to reclassify the mysids of the genus *Archaeomysis* and to clearify their distributional range in the Korean waters. The aim of the present study is to give the distributional ranges of 5 species of the genus *Archaeomysis* in the Korean waters.

Materials and Methods

Samples were collected from the coast of Korea from 1986 to 2001 with a dip net, a sled net and plankton nets. Mysids obtained were immediately fixed 8% buffered formalin on the seashore and washed in distilled water before preserved in 70% ethyl alcohol in the laboratory.

Results

1. Archaeomysis kokuboi Ii, 1964.

Materials examined. Prov. Kyeong-buk, Younghae, May 1990, 105 specimens; Prov. Kyeong-buk, Wolpo, May 1990, 89 specimens; Prov. Kyeong-buk, Songdo, June 1990, 121 specimens; Prov. Kyeong-nam, Ilsan, June 1990, 46 specimens; Prov. Kyeong-nam, Ilkwang, Sept. 1986, 89 specimens; Pusan city, Songjeong, May 1991, 250 specimens; Pusan city Haewundae, May 1985, 112 specimens; Pusan city, Kwanganri, May 1985, 58 specimens; Pusan city, Nakdong estuary, Sept. 1987, 251 specimens.; Koje, Kuzora, May 1986, 255 specimens.

2. Archaeomysis grebnitzkii Czerniavsky, 1882.

Materials examined. Prov. Kyonggi, Paengnyongdo, May 1986, 10 specimens; Prov. Chonnam, Youngkwang, Aug. 1986, 27 specimens; Prov. Chonnam, Tocodo, Oct. 1986, 5 specimens; Prov. Chonnam, Pigumdo, Oct. 1986, 11 specimens.

- Archaeomysis japonica Hanamura, Jo and Murano, 1996.
 Materials examined. Prov. Chonnam, Sohuksando, July 1986, 11 specimens
- 4. Archaeomysis vulgaris (Nakazawa, 1910).

Materials examined. Prov. Kyonggi, Paengnyongdo, May 1986, 6 specimens; Prov. Chonnam, Tochodo, Oct. 1986, 14 specimens; Prov. Chonnam, Pigumdo, Oct. 1986, 47 specimens; Prov. Chungnam, Hagampo, Oct. 1986, 57 specimens; Prov. Chungnam, Malipo, Oct. 1986, 43 specimens.

5. Archaeomysis articulata Hanamura, 1997.

Materials examined. Prov. Kyungbuk, Younghae, May 2001, 56 specimens.

References

- Czerniavsky, V., 1882. Monographia Mysidarum imprimis imperii. Rossici. Fascicle II. Travaux de la Societe imperale des Naturalistes de St. Petersbourg, 13, 1-85.
- Jo, S. G., 1991. Study on the classification and zoogeographical distribution of subfamily Gastrosaccinae in western Pacific. Ph. D. Thesis, Tokyo University of Fisheries, 197pp.
- Jo, S. G. and C. W. Ma, 1996. Mysidacea (Crustacea) from the west coast of Korea. J. Korean Fish. Soc. 29(6), 805-827.
- Ma, C. W., 1988. A taxonomical study of the mysids (Crustacea: Mysidacea) from the Korean Waters. M.S. Thesis. National Fisheries University of Pusan. 47pp.
- Hanamura, Y., 1997. Review of the taxonomy and biogeography of shallow-water mysids of the genus *Archaeomysis* (Crustacea: Mysidacea) in the North Pacific Ocean. J. Nat. Hist., 31, 669-711.