using a scintillation proximity assay(SPA) method. The compounds were also evaluated for cytotoxicity against human cancer cell lines.

[PD2-30] [04/19/2002 (Fri) 10:00 - 13:00 / Hall E]

A new flavonol glycoside from Brassica juncea L.

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Mustard leaf (Brassica juncea L.), a cormophyte vegetable that belongs to cruciferous family, originated from China and has been widely distributed in Korea and Japan. The seeds are consumed for mustard (a spice) and the leaves are used as food spices or folkloric uses such as stimulant, diuretic and expectorant. From the leaves of B. juncea, a new rare flavonol glycoside was isolated and characterized as kaempferol $7-O-\beta-D$ -glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow6)-[\beta-D$ -glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow3)]-\beta-D$ -glucopyranoside (1), together with known kaempferol-3-O-(2-O-feruloyl- $\beta-D$ -glucosyl- $(1\rightarrow2)-\beta-D$ -glucoside) $-7-O-\beta-D$ -glucoside (2) and kaempferol- $3-O-\beta-D$ -glucosyl- $(1\rightarrow2)-O-\beta-D$ -glucoside- $7-O-\beta-D$ -glucoside (3). Compounds 1 and 2 were found to be a scavenger of 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl radical.

[PD2-31] [04/19/2002 (Fri) 10:00 - 13:00 / Hall E]

A New Ergostane-Type Cholesterol Biosynthesis Inhibitor from Cladosporium resinae

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A new ergostane-type steroid, 3β -hydroxy-1.11-dioxo-ergosta-8,24(28)-diene- 4α -carboxylic acid, was isolated from *Cladosporium resinae* as a cholesterol biosynthesis inhibitor. This compound showed a significant inhibitory activity on the post-lanosterol pathway of cholesterol biosynthesis in human liver cells.

[PD2-32] [04/19/2002 (Fri) 10:00 - 13:00 / Hall E]

Isolation of cerebrosides from Euphoria longana

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Two cerebrosides, YA-3-2, and YA-3-3, were isolated from the pulp of *Euphoria longana*. YA-3-2 was characterized as $1-O-\beta-D$ -glucopyranosides of sphingosine type ceramides comprised of a long chain base (2S,3R,4E,8E/Z)-2-amino-4,8-octadecadiene-1,3-diol and fatty acids. The fatty acyl chain of ceramide moieties was determinded as palmitic acid(0.9%), oleic acid(1.9%), stearic acid(1.9%), lignoceric acid(2.8%) and (2R)-2-hydroxylignoceric acid(92.6%). YA-3-3 was characterized as $1-O-\beta-D$ -glucopyranosides of phytosphingosine type ceramides comprised of a long chain base (2S,3R,4R,8E/Z)-2-amino-8-octadecene-1,3,4-triol and fatty acids. The fatty acyl chain of ceramide moieties was determinded as palmitic acid(9.4%), oleic acid(2.9%), stearic acid(2.7%), and (2R-hydroxylignoceric acid (85%).

[PD2-33] [04/19/2002 (Fri) 10:00 - 13:00 / Hall E]