

# Microwave Surface Resistance of MgB<sub>2</sub> Films Prepared on *c*-cut Sapphire and MgO

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The microwave surface resistance  $R_S$  of MgB<sub>2</sub> films with the zero-resistance temperature of 37 ~ 39 K was measured at 8.0 – 8.5 GHz. The MgB<sub>2</sub> films were prepared by deposition of boron films on *c*-cut sapphire and MgO, respectively, followed by annealing in a vaporized magnesium environment. When the surface of MgB<sub>2</sub> films was ion-milled by ~ 55 nm, the  $R_S$  of the ion-milled MgB<sub>2</sub> appeared significantly reduced compared to that of the as-grown MgB<sub>2</sub> films, with the observed  $R_S$  of ~ 0.8 mΩ at 24 K for an ion-milled MgB<sub>2</sub> film on *c*-cut sapphire being 1/15 of the value for the corresponding as-grown MgB<sub>2</sub> film. Reduction in the  $R_S$  after the surface ion-milling was also observed for MgB<sub>2</sub> films on MgO, with the observed  $R_S$  of ~ 2.1 mΩ of the ion-milled MgB<sub>2</sub> on MgO at 24 K being about 1/2 of the value for the corresponding as-grown MgB<sub>2</sub> films. Our results show that effects of the Mg-rich metallic surface layer of MgB<sub>2</sub> films on the  $R_S$  were significant regardless of the kinds of substrate used for deposition of MgB<sub>2</sub> films, with the observed high  $R_S$  of as-grown MgB<sub>2</sub> films attributed to the existence of the Mg-rich metallic layer at the surfaces of the as-grown MgB<sub>2</sub> films. Dependence of the  $R_S$  on deposition conditions is also discussed.

keywords : Microwave surface resistance, MgB<sub>2</sub>, Ion-milling