the isolation of new diastereomeric guaian-type sesquilignans (1, 2) including torlin (3) and eight known lignans, schizandrol A (4), angeloylgomisin H (5), lyoniside (6), nudiposide (7), 5'-methoxyisolariciresinol-9'-O- $\beta$ -D-xylopyranoside (8), isolariciresinol-9'-O- $\beta$ -D-xylopyranoside (9), rel-trans-dihydrodehydroconiferyl alcohol 4'-O- $\alpha$ -L-rhamnopyranoside (10) and icariside E3 (11). Compounds 1 and 2 were identified as 7R,8R,10S (1) and 7R,8R,10R (2) diastereomers of 1,8,11-trihydroxy-4-guaien-8-angeloyl-3-one on the basis of their spectral data, respectively.

[PD2-26] [ 10/19/2001 (Fri) 14:00 - 17:00 / Hall D ]

## Two new nitroalkyl indole alkaloids from Saururus chinensis

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Saururus chinensis (Lour.) Baill. (Saururaceae) is a perennial plant that has been used in the treatment of edema, jaundice and gonorrhoea in Korean folk medicine. In the aerial parts of Saururus species, aristolactam alkaloids, quinones, lignans, neolignans and flavonoids have been reported previously. Separation of the methanolic extract of S. chinensis resulted in the isolation of two new nitroalkyl indole alkaloids. The structures of these compounds were determined as 2–(6–methoxy–3–indoly)–1–nitroethylene (1) and 2–(3–indoly)–1–nitroethane by spectroscopic techniques.

[PD2-27] [ 10/19/2001 (Fri) 14:00 - 17:00 / Hall D ]

## Antioxidant Principles from the Leaves of Prunus serrulata var. spontanea

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The antioxidant activity of Prunus serrulata var. spontanea was evaluated for potential to scavenge stable 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) free radicals, inhibit hydroxyl radicals, inhibit total reactive oxygen species generation in kidney homogenates using 2', 7'-dichlorodihydrofluorescein diacetate (DCHF-DA), and scavenge authentic peroxynitrites. The methanolic extract of *Prunus serrulata var. spontanea* showed strong antioxidant activity in tested model systems, and thus fractionated with several solvents. The antioxidant activity potential of the individual fraction was in the order of ethyl acetate > n-butanol >water > dichloromethane fraction. The ethyl acetate soluble fraction exhibiting strong antioxidant activity was further purified by repeated silica gel and Sephadex LH-20 column chromatographies. A new 2-O- $\beta$ -(6'-benzoyl)-glucopyranosyl  $\rho$ -(Z)-coumaric acid(compound 12), as well as ten known flavonoids [prunetin(compound 1), genistein(compound 2), quercetin,(compound 5), prunetin 4'-Oglucopyranoside(compound 6), kaempferol  $3-O-\alpha$ -arabinofuranoside(compound 7), prunetin  $5-O-\beta$ -glucopyranoside(compound 8), kaempferol  $3-O-\beta$ -xylopyranoside(compound 9), genistin(compound 10), kaempferol 3-O-β-glucopyranoside(compound 11), and quercetin 3-O-β-glucopyranoside (compound 13)], and two triterpenoids [ursolic acid(compound 3), 2α-hydroxyursolic acid(compound 4)], were isolated. The structure of a new compound 12 was determined by spectroscopic data analysis. Compounds 5, 12, and 13 showed good activities in all tested model systems. Compounds 2, 4 and 10 showed scavenging activities in the DPPH and peroxynitrite tests, while compounds 7, 9, and 11 were active in the peroxynitrite and ROS tests. On the other hand, compounds 1, 3, 6, and 8 did not show any activities in tested model systems.

[PD2-28] [ 10/19/2001 (Fri) 14:00 - 17:00 / Hall D ]

## Further Antioxidant Principles from the Needles of Pinus densiflora

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