High-performance liquid chromatography(HPLC) has become the method of choice for the separation of enantiomers on CSP. This is because of the wide applicability of the method and the speed and efficiency at which these separations can be carried out. Enantiomers of racemic drugs often differ in their pharmacokinetic behaviour and/or pharmacological action.  $\beta_2$ -agonists, a sympaticomimetic drug-selective  $\beta_2$ -receptor agonists, are used in the treatment of asthma and lung disease. The drugs are usually administered as a racemate, but studies have shown that only one enantiomer has the desired therapeutic pharmacological effect. For that reason it is of great importance that the enantiomers of such molecules can be separated. Enantiomeric Separation of six closely structure related  $\beta_2$ -agonists and the other , have not similar structure, was achieved by direct method that using normal phase HPLC on Chirobiotic T, Chiral AGP, Chiralcel OD, (R,R)Whelk-O1, Chiralcel OJ, Chiralpak OT, Chiralpak CR(+), Chirex (D)Phenicillamine and Resolvosil BSA-7.

[PD4-8] [ 04/19/2001 (Thr) 13:30 - 14:40 / Hall 4 ]

## EZ staining method for proteins in SDS-PAGE

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A rapid and sensitive staining method for protein in polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) using both an acidic dye, zincon (ZC) and a basic dye, ethyl violet (EV) is described. It is based on a counterion-dye staining technique that employs oppositely charged two dyes to form a ion-pair complex. The selective binding of the dye molecules to proteins in an acidic solution produces bluish violet colored bands. It is a rapid procedure, involving only fixing and staining steps that are completed in 45 min. The sensitivity of this method is 5–10 ng of protein which is four-fold better than that of the conventional Coomassie brilliant blue R-250 (CBBR) staining and is comparable to the sensitivity of silver nitrate staining. Due to its sensitivity and rapidity, this stain may be more practical than anyother dye-based stains for routine laboratory purposes. This staining method can be applied to detect for the trace amount of protein in 2D-PAGE.

[PD4-9] [ 04/19/2001 (Thr) 13:30 - 14:40 / Hall 4 ]

## Enantioselective stabilization of inclusion complexes of metoprolol in carboxymethylated beta-cyclodextrin

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The inclusion complexes of metoprolol (MT) and carboxymethyl-b-cyclodextrin (CMCD) were prepared and the stability constants of the complexes were determined. Binding studies performed using HPLC, UV spectrometry and capillary electrophoresis (CE) indicated that a complex with 1:1 stoichiometry is predominant in the solution. The enantiomers of MT possess relatively high affinity towards CMCD with stability constants of 286 M-1 and 268 M-1 for (R)- and (S)-MT, respectively. Through NMR analysis the structure of MT was predicted to be a bent conformation with the hydrophobic phenyl ring of MT inserted in the shielding cavity of CMCD during complex formation. The NMR data, furthermore, suggested that the chiral side chain and the methoxyethyl moiety of MT are aligned in the deshielding zone, above and below the CMCD torus ring, respectively.

[PD4-10] [ 04/19/2001 (Thr) 13:30 - 14:40 / Hall 4 ]

Simultaneous determination of amphetamine (AM), methamphetamine (MA),