Characterization of *vlf-1* Gene of *Bombyx mori*Nucleopolyhedrovirus

Kim, Mi Hyang, Jae Young Choi, Soo Dong Woo, Yeon Ho Je and Seok Kwon Kang

Graduate School of Agricultural Biotechnology, Seoul National University

The very late expression factor 1 gene, vlf-1 is a baculovirus gene that regulates very late gene expression and also play a role in the replication of the budded form. The structure of the vlf-1 gene was characterized from Bombyx mori nucleopolyhedrovirus (BmNPV). The vlf-1 gene was localized at EcoRV 2.8 Kb and Cla I 7.0 Kb fragments of the BmNPV genome. The EcoRV 2.8 Kb fragment was cloned and the nucleotide sequence of about 2780 bases including the coding region of vlf-1 gene was determined. In order to investigate the effect of vlf-1 on very late gene expression, the vlf-1 gene was cloned under the control of heat shock promoter of Drosophila melanogaster, and this transfer vector was named as pBmhv. The recombinant BmNPV, BmThv was constructed by cotransfection of genomic DNA of Bm101-LacZ and pBmhv. At early stage of viral infection(6~12 h p.i.), the transcription level of vlf-1 from BmThv was higher than that from wild-type BmNPV-K1. However, the transcription level of vlf-1 from BmThv was lower than that from BmNPV-K1 at late phase $(24 \sim 36 \text{ h p.i.})$. The vlf-1 gene of BmNPV-K1 characterized in this study showed different structure from that reported previously.