## 5-1 Two New species of the Genus Thomisus from China (Araneae: Thomisidae)

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Two novel species, Thomisus gouluensis n. sp., T. hunanensis n. sp., are described on the specimens collected from Hunan province, China, T. gouluensis is similar to T. australis, but its atrium procurved in the former, while recurved in that of the latter, spermathecae much wider posteriorly in the former, but indistinctly wider posterior in that of the latter and body size much bigger in the former than in that of the latter. As well, T. hunanensis, is similar to T. zhui, but its atrium larger, distinctly longer than wide, about oblong in the former, while that of the latter small parentheses-shaped with visible copulatory canals in the former, but further apart from each other and without visible copulatory canals in the latter.

## S-2 A Study on the Immature Stages of Seven Species of the Subfamily Acronictinae in Korea (Insecta: Lepidoptera: Noctuidae)

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The subfamily Acronictinae (Noctuidae) in Korea are represented by known 63 species (Kononenko et al., 1998). Caterpillars of the subfamily are distingushed from other noctuids, by having the developed setae and prolegs. Some of them are notorious pest in forest and several species are associated with unique host plants, mainly trees. Studies on immature stages of the Korean species of the subfamily are very rare, except host-plant records. Authors investigated immature stages of the 7 common species of the Acronictinae[Cymatophoropsis trimaculata (Bremer), Moma alpium (Osbeck), Acronicta (Hyboma) adaucta (Warren), Acronicta (Triaena) intermedia (Warren), Acronicta (Triaena) cuspis (Hubner), Acronicta (Hylonycta) carbonaria (Graeser), Acronicta (Viminia) rumicis (Linnaeus)] and described their external morphology, with records of their host plants.