

We reported that the steaming of ginseng increase its biological activity. In the course of study on chemical constituents of steamed ginseng, we isolated seven new ginsenosides named as ginsenoside Rk1, Rk2, Rk3, Rs4, Rs5, Rs6 and Rs7.

There structure was elucidated based on spectroscopic and physico-chemical evidence. Ginsenoside 20(S)-Rg3, 20(R)-Rg3, Rg5, Rg6, F4, Rh4, 20(S)-Rs3, 20(R)-Rs3 and Rs4 were also isolated.

[PD4-20] [10/19/2000 (Thr) 15:00 - 16:00 / [Hall B]]

Antioxidative Activity of Siegesbeckia Herba extract

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To investigation the antioxidative activity of Siegesbeckia Herba, this study was carried out. Through the examination of MeOH, BuOH and CH₂Cl₂ extracts from Siegesbeckia Herba for radical scavenging effects using DPPH method. A various organic extract of Siegesbeckia Herba showed 90-95 % of the antioxidative activities when measured by the method of absorption spectrophotometer. Especially, antioxidative activities of BuOH extracts were higher than CH₂Cl₂ extracts. Above all, antioxidative activities of Heat treatment were higher than non-treatment or antioxidative activities of acid hydrolysis were higher than Base hydrolysis.

[PD4-21] [10/19/2000 (Thr) 15:00 - 16:00 / [Hall B]]

Effects of some crude drug extracts on the brain neurotransmitters in the ethanol-treated rats

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The concentration of neurotransmitters in rat brain was determined by HPLC-ECD method and the effects of methanol extracts of some crude drugs on the concentration of neurotransmitters in the ethanol-treated rat brain were investigated. By the administration of ethanol, dopamine (DA), 3,4-dihydroxyphenyl acetic acid (DOPAC) and serotonin (5-HT) levels in frontal cortex and 5-HT level in hippocampus were significantly increased compared with the neurotransmitter levels in the brain of saline-treated rats. The γ -aminobutyric acid (GABA) level in frontal cortex was decreased by the same treatment. There was a tendency that the DA level in frontal cortex and striatum of ethanol-treated rats were increased by the administration of crude drug extracts. Especially, Myrrha and Visci Herba significantly increased the DA level of frontal cortex in ethanol-treated rats, while they significantly decreased the 5-HT level in the same region of the brain. GABA level in striatum of ethanol-treated rats was significantly decreased by Myristicae Semen, Visci Herba and Myrrha. These results suggest that the tested crude drug extracts have selective interaction with neurotransmitters in specified region of central nervous system.

[PD4-22] [10/19/2000 (Thr) 15:00 - 16:00 / [Hall B]]

A Survey on Pesticide Residues of Commercial Agricultural Products in the Northern area of Seoul (I)