

Inhibitory effects of synthetic 2-hydroxychalcone derivatives on rat lens aldose reductase (RLAR) and on platelet aggregation were investigated for the prevention or the treatment of chronic diabetic complications. 5-chloro-4,2-dihydroxychalcone and 5-chloro-3,2-dihydroxychalcone exhibited a potent inhibitory effects on rat platelet aggregation induced by ADP ( $IC_{50}$ =0.10 and 0.06 mg/ml, respectively.) and collagen ( $IC_{50}$ =44 and 16  $\mu$ g/ml, respectively.) but showed relatively weak inhibitory activities on RLAR. 2,4,2,4-Tetrahydroxychalcone, 3,4,2,4-tetrahydroxychalcone, 5-chloro-2,4,2-trihydroxychalcone and 5-chloro-3,4,2-trihydroxychalcone possessing o-dihydroxy or m-dihydroxy moiety exhibited relatively potent inhibitory activities in both systems.

[PD1-3] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

**Stereoselective trans-oxazoline formation via Pd(0)-catalyzed cyclization of isopropenyl acetate.**

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Palladium(0)-catalyzed intramolecular cyclization of benzamide via p-allylpalladium complex is useful tool for the synthesis of highly functionalized compounds. Ongoing program for the formal total synthesis of (+)-lactacystin, which is remarkably selective and potent inhibitor of the 20S proteasome, we applied the newly developed Pd(0)-catalyzed cyclization reaction to the highly stereoselective synthesis of trans-oxazoline, which is key intermediate of (+)-lactacystin. The requisite cyclization precursor, isopropenyl acetate, was straightforwardly prepared from the L-serine by a seven-step sequences (overall 61%).

[PD1-4] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

**Synthesis and In vitro evaluation indandione-2-carboxamides.**

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6-(2-Dimethylaminoethylamino)-3-hydroxyindeno[2,1-c]quinoline-7-one (TAS-103) is a dual topoisomerase I and II inhibitor with preclinical efficacy in a broad spectrum of tumors and in multidrug-resistant tumor cell lines. It is currently in Phase I clinical trials in the U.S. It could be useful as a lead compound for development of new drugs. In this study, we presented the synthesis and cytotoxicity of indandione-2-carboxamides. These were designed as an open form of tetracyclic TAS-103. The cytotoxicities of TAS-103 analogs against various tumor cell lines were worse than that of Doxorubicin and Mitomycin-C. The compounds containing methyl substituents were more potent than other compounds in this result

[PD1-5] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

**Synthesis and Structure Activity Relationships of a series of 7-acylamino-3-(isoxazolylmethylthio)-3-cephem exhibiting activity against MRSA.**

Chang KY, Kim SH, Nam GS, Seo JH, Kim JH, Ha DC

7-Acylamino-3-(isoxazolymethylthio)-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acids or their pharmacologically acceptable salts were synthesized and their antibacterial activities against Gram-positive and Gram-negative were inspected. We discovered that their analogs exhibited a wide spectrum against Gram(+) and Gram(-) including MRSA. We will describe the relationships between the structure and activity of these novel Cephalosporins with 3-isoxazolymethylthio Derivatives.

[PD1-6] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

### The Development of New Carbacephem Antibiotics

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Carbacephem is one of  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics having a broad spectrum of antibacterial activity. So numerous methods for constructing carbacephems have been reported. In this study, we describe a new route to the synthesis of trans-carbacephem moiety and derivatives. The total synthesis of trans-carbacephem was starting from trans-oxazoline. Key stages in the strategy involved (i) the use of hydrogenation gave a cleavage of trans-oxazoline (ii) formation of  $\beta$ -lactam ring was prepared using the Mitsunobu reaction (iii) six-membered ring of carbacephem was prepared by a Dieckmann-condensation.

[PD1-7] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

### Synthesis and antiviral activity of novel exomethylene cyclopropyl nucleosides

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Some novel exomethylene cyclopropyl nucleosides were synthesized as analogues of Synadenol derivatives to find potent antiviral agents. The intermediate, Feist's acid was prepared from  $\alpha$ -ethyloacetate by three steps. The key cyclopropyl compound was obtained via esterification, reduction, and the partial protection by using TBDPS-Cl, bulky protecting group which was activated by tosylation. Its condensation with pyrimidine and purine bases in the presence of potassium carbonate and a crown compound and its deprotection by using *n*-Bu<sub>4</sub>NF gave their corresponding cyclopropyl nucleosides. All the synthesized compounds were evaluated for antiviral activity. However, none of them showed any antiviral activity against HSV-1, HSV-2, HCMV, HIV-1, HIV-2, and HBV up to 100  $\mu$ M.

[PD1-8] [ 10/20/2000 (Fri) 11:30 - 12:30 / [Hall B] ]

### Synthesis and Biological Properties of 7H-Pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine-Derived Antifolates As Antitumor Agents

Jahng, Y, Park, JG, Yu JW, Kim, HH, Yang, SI.