## LASER FLASH STUDY ON PHOTOREACTION OF 3-SUBSTITUTED 5,5-DIARYL-4,5-DIHYDROFURANS

Shinjiro Kobayashi\*, Shougo Kajikawa<sup>§</sup>, Hiroshi Nishino<sup>¶</sup> and Kazu Kurosawa<sup>†</sup>

\* Institute for Fundamental Research in Organic Chemistry, Kyushu University,

Hakozaki, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka, 812-8581 Japan

§ Department of Environmental Science, Graduate School of Science and Technology, Kumamoto University,

Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kumamoto University,
 Department of Environmental Science, Faculty of Science, Kumamoto University,
 Kurokami 2-39-1, Kumamoto, 860-8555 Japan

We found the formation of naphthalene derivatives by irradiation of 3-acyl-5,5-diaryl-4,5-dihydrofurans [1]. The reaction should be multi-step and might start with the dissociation of C-O bond of the dihydrofuran ring, but it is not clear whether radicals and/or ions are

intervened among the reactive intermediates or not. By the irradiation of 1 and 4 the product ratios of 2/3 was very similar and the reactive intermediates might be identical.

We measured the electronic spectra of the transient species from 1 and 4 irradiated by laser flash of 266 or 308 nm. The spectra of the transient species just after flashing were not identical and the one from 1 has the maxima at 400 and 850 nm which were decayed with 4.0 x  $10^6$  sec<sup>-1</sup> and the other from 4 has weaker maximum at 550 nm the decay of which was 2.6 x  $10^7$  sec<sup>-1</sup>.

We will discuss about the reaction mechanism studied by laser flash photolysis in more detail.

Hiroshi Nishino, Shougo Kajikawa, Yukiko Hamada, and Kazu Kurosawa, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **36**, 5753-5756 (1995).