## A306 Cladistic Analysis of the Polyporaceae Based on Morphological Characters

Seon Young Kim\* and Hack Sung Jung
Department of Microbiology, College of Natural Sciences, and Research
Center for Molecular Microbiology, Seoul National University

Cladistic analysis of the Polyporaceae was performed based on 34 morphological characters. Total ninety genera, eighty one from the Polyporaceae and nine from another families, were analyzed. Initially equal weights were given on all characters, and more analyses were performed with some characters being given two, three, four, and five weights Based on the analysis with 5 weights given on some taxonomically important characters, eighteen groups were defined and discussed.

## A307 Phylogenetic Classification and Position of Schizopora

Young Woon Lim\* and Hack Sung Jung
Department of Microbiology, College of Natural Sciences, and Research
Center for Molecular Microbiology, Seoul National University

Schizopora species causing a white rot of dead hardwood have variable hymenophores from poroid, lacerate, to more or less irpicoid forms. Based on morphological characters and dimitic hyphal systems, Schizopora has belonged to the family Steecherinaceae but the microstructure of Schizopora is like the one in Hyphodontia of the Corticiaceae and Langer has treated these two genera all together in his monograph on Hyphodontia and proposed to conserve the latter genus against Schizopora. As few morphological characters are available for telling them apart. molecular techniques were used as means to study taxonomic and phylogenetic relationships between them. Analysis of the ITS region sequence data revealed that Schizopora is splitted into two groups and has a close relationship with Hyphodontia.