19-5 XPS Study of Mn 2p and 3s Satellite Structures of Heusler Alloys: NiMnSb, PdMnSb, PtMnSb

See-Hun Yang and Se-Jung Oh

Department of Physics, Seoul National University, Seoul 151-742, Korea

Je-Geun Park

Department of Physics, Imperial College, London SW7 2BZ, UK

ABSTRACT - Half-metallic Heusler alloys (NiMnSb, PdMnSb, PtMnSb) have attracted much attention due to their unique electronic and magnetic structures. Spin-polarized band structure calculation predicts metallic behavior for the majority spin states and semiconductor behavior for the minority spin states. We have studied the electronic structures of these half-metallic Heusler alloys by core-level photoemission spectroscopy of Mn 2p and 3s XPS spectra. We found large intensities of Mn 2p satellites and 3s exchange splitting compared with other metal Mn-alloys. These satellite structure can be understood by applying Anderson impurity model. This fact supports the calculated spin projected partial density of states which suggests that the valence electrons be highly spin polarized near Fermi level and that the electrons involved with charge-transfer be mainly minority spin ones which have semiconducting band structure. The trend of charge transfer energies A from ligands (Sb 5p) to Mn 3d, obtained from our model fitting, is consistent with that calculated from spin projected partial density of state. Also the trend of d-d electron correlation energies U calculated from Mn Auger line L₃VV by Mg Ka source is compatible with that resulted from our model fitting. We fitted the Mn 3s curve in the same way as for insulating Mn compounds by using the same parameters calculated from Mn 2p curve fitting except for the Coulomb interaction energy Q between core hole and d-electrons. The 3s spectra were analyzed by combining the charge transfer model and a simple model taking into account the configuration mixing effect due to the intra-shell correlation. We found that the exchange interaction between 3s hole and 3d electrons is mainly responsible for the satellite of Mn 3s spectra. This is consistent with the neutron scattering data, which suggests local 3d magnetic moment. We find that the XPS analysis results of Mn 2p and 3s satellite structures of half-metallic Heusler alloys are very similar to those of insulating transition metal compounds.